



Farmers in Numan Village in Adamawa State of Nigeria ©IOM/2021

## PREPAREDNESS, RESPONSE, TRANSITION AND RECOVERY

### Shelter/Non-Food Items

In July 2021, **1,702** IDP households were assisted with the construction of new shelters and the replacement of damaged ones across camps Gwoza and Jere LGAs in Borno State. Roof upgrades were completed on **100** mudbricks shelters at Yolde pate site in Yola Adamawa State.

IOM conducted the reinforcement of existing emergency shelters that had been in use for a prolonged period. **830** damaged shelters were reinforced for IDPs in Damboa LGA and Maiduguri in Borno State. **477** households living in damaged shelters received shelter repair kits to carry out repairs and maintenance of affected shelters in Bama and Damboa in Borno State and Gombi and Hong in Adamawa State.

In July 2021, IOM conducted **13** Focus Group Discussion (FDGs) with various groups (women, men, youth, and persons with disabilities) in Bama and Ngala, Borno State. The purpose of the FDGs was to gain insights on community perceptions on the current Shelter Interventions. The FDGs helped IOM understand the communities' needs and perceived gaps and understand what lessons can be drawn from the experiences shared to improve future Shelter programming.

**100** households (**295** individuals) (**128M, 167F**) benefited from

unconditional cash grants in Monguno LGA, Borno State.

**195** households (**1,375** individuals) were registered and issued tokens for COVID-19 adapted kits (which consist of blanket, mat, jerry can, laundry soap, bath soap, mosquito net, kettle, solar lamp, bucket and reusable facemask) distribution in Konduga and Jere LGAs in Borno state.

### Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM)

**1,085** individuals (**347M, 738F**) were sensitized on gender equality and the benefits of women's and girls' participation in camp governance structures, including those with disabilities; the consequences of denial of resources and the risks of gender-based violence (GBV) against women and girls; and enhancing girls' and women's participation and inclusion in decision-making process in the camp in Jere and Konduga LGAs in Borno state.

**528** persons were trained on various elements of CCCM, preparedness measures for the rainy season, (GBV mainstreaming, Protection against Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA), counter-trafficking, accountability to affected populations (AAP), and electronic reporting of complaints and feedback using the Kobo Toolbox in Borno and Adamawa states.

66 shelters were reinforced across Gwoza and Bama by IOM with the support of the site maintenance committee in Borno state.

18 households were assisted with shelter repair kits (which include timber and plastic sheets) for minor shelter repairs and upgrades across Konduga and Damboa in Borno State.

In July 2021, 281 complaints were received and documented. 70 of the total complaints received were resolved/closed, 99 were referred to partners and 1,202 cases remained open in Borno state. The complaints received are primarily complaints on services rendered on-site by humanitarian organizations and/or local authorities. Some examples of such complaints were centered around the need for; shelter reinforcement, replacement of missing biometric cards, food security, need for livelihood support, basic health/nutrition services, hygiene kits, NFI replenishments, and general protection (family dispute/conflicts). Some complaints are resolved in real-time (by the CCCM staff receiving the complaints) while others are referred to the appropriate clusters/actors providing the service and corresponding feedback is provided to the complainant.

148 newly-displaced households, (with 495 individuals) were received, registered, and sensitized on the 4Ws (Who does What, Where and When). That is, what services are available to them and where and when these services can be accessed). in Gwoza (Pulka) and Bama (Banki) LGAs in Borno state.

To mitigate the effect of flooding, 35 individuals were engaged through cash-for-work for drainage excavation at the outskirts of the International School Camp in Ngala and 20 units in GSSSS camp, Bama, Borno state.

To mitigate spread of fire outbreaks in Camp C (Wege Extension), 12 fire stations were installed in Pulka, Borno state.

#### Early Recovery Livelihood

5(3M,2F) individuals benefitted from training on protection mainstreaming. The purpose of the training is to equip field and programme staff on mainstreaming protection into their project/activities in Maiduguri. Similarly, 5 (3 M, 2 F) individuals benefitted from Beneficiary and Distribution Management System (BDMS) training in Maiduguri, Borno state. The purpose of the training is to introduce participants to a comprehensive Beneficiary and Distribution Management System. Also, 20 (14M, 6F) persons benefitted from briquette production techniques training in Monguno LGA, Borno state.

400 (336M, 64F) individuals received 36,000 NGN each after participating in Cash-for-Work rotations for the rehabilitation of three blocks hosting three classrooms each with one office, and two gender-segregated toilets per block, a at Ngurore Yola South, Adamawa state, and Damboa primary health care facility in Borno state.



UN SARI Training on Rethinking Pandemic Preparedness - Delta Variant © IOM/2021



IOM/NIS Senior Management Retreat © IOM/2021

## Water sanitation and hygiene (WASH)



770,317 beneficiaries were reached with WASH services across camps in Borno (753,687 beneficiaries) and Adamawa (16,630 beneficiaries). These services included hygiene promotion key messages on handwashing, menstrual hygiene, COVID-19 prevention and cholera prevention.

IOM has supplied 83,161,071 liters of water from boreholes and 33 handpumps, and through water trucking across camps in MMC, Jere, Bama, Banki, Dikwa, Pulka, Kaga, Damasak and Konduga in Borno state.

Increased access to sanitation services for IDPs and host communities was enabled through the construction of 366 stances of latrines and 158 showers, maintenance of 270 latrines and 128 shower stances, and continuation of desludging services in MMC, Jere, Konduga, Dikwa, Gwoza, Bama, and Banki in Borno State.

59,102 m<sup>3</sup> of fecal sludge was evacuated from 17,917 latrine stances through desludging services in Camps and Host community settings in MMC, Jere, Konduga, Damasak, Bama, Banki, Dikwa, Ngala and Pulka in Borno state. 2,510 m<sup>3</sup> solid waste evacuated from Stadium camp and three camps in Dikwa (Shuwari camp, Modu Kasa camp, and Ajari camp).



Eight organizations, namely the University of Maiduguri, GOAL primes, Global Village Healthcare Initiative for Africa (GHIV), Jireh Doo Foundation (JDF), CARITAS, Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), Catholic Relief Service (CRS) and Care Best Initiative (CBI), benefited from core items, including five water quality testing kits, 120 Menstrual Hygiene Management (MHM) kits, 365 hygiene kits, three Nr 500L handwashing stations and 120 Nr 60L handwashing stations to be used for WASH interventions.

### Assistance to Vulnerable Migrants (MHPSS Protection)

9,167 individuals (1,476 boys, 1,748 girls, 2,439 men and 3,504 women) benefited from mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS)/protection services and activities, which also included sensitization on counter-trafficking (CT) and GBV in Adamawa and Borno states.

155 persons (79M, 76F) including IOM staff and frontline officials from Nigeria Police Force (NPF) And Nigerian Security Civil Defense Corps (NSCDC) officers), benefitted from capacity development trainings aiming to improve mainstreaming of protection principles, GBV, CT in their daily activities and building the capacity and equipping officers with the necessary knowledge, practical skills, and positive attitude to receive, protect, and assist GBV survivors and victims of trafficking respectively.

127 (58M, 69F) persons participated in 12 Focused Group Discussion sessions. The aim of the FGD is to find out how participants gain access to justice, gender equality, community-based complaint mechanisms, consequences of gender-based violence and trafficking in persons in MMC and Bama LGAs of Borno state.

### DISENGAGEMENT DISASSOCIATION REINTEGRATION AND RECONCILIATION (DDRR)

In continuation of IOM’s support to the Federal Government of Nigeria for the development of a communication plan on voluntary defections from Non-State Armed Groups (NSAGs) as well as sustainable reintegration in communities in Northeast

Nigeria, IOM organized coordination meetings with the Office of the National Security Adviser (ONSA), Operation Safe Corridor (OPSC), and National Orientation Agency (NOA) to ensure that the necessary modalities were in place for the continuation of townhall events. The meetings were held at IOM’s office on 2 and 23 July 2021.

In collaboration with ONSA, IOM organized five townhall events between 7 to 8 July 2021, in Maiduguri, Borno State, and 27 to 29 July 2021, in Yola, Adamawa State. The participants comprised of representatives from Federal MDAs including Office ONSA, OPSC and NOA, representatives from the Borno and Adamawa State Governments, Local Government Area (LGA) chairmen, traditional/ religious leaders as well as IOM’s social cohesion and reconciliation platforms. The conversations were centered around the dissemination of information on the government-led disengagement, disassociation, reintegration and reconciliation (DDRR) programme, preventing violent extremism (PVE) activities and strategic communication efforts. Through a participatory approach, the participants were able to share experiences and respond to pertinent issues on rehabilitation and reintegration of low-risk former NSAGs associates.

IOM continued to collaborate with its implementing partner Samuel Hall to enhance GoN’s communications around voluntary defections from NSAGs and reintegration in communities. As part of the research phase, Samuel Hall finalized the implementation of semi-structured interviews (SSIs), focus group discussions (FGDs), and brainstorming sessions to gauge the attitudes and perceptions of local communities toward the return and reintegration of former associates. Findings gathered during the research phase would serve to develop a communications framework as well as co-design and disseminate messages.

IOM’s information, counselling, and referral services (ICRS) team continued to provide reintegration assistance to reintegrating



Launch of Identification Tools for VoTs  
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World Day Against Trafficking in Persons event  
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The United Nation Severe Acute and Respiratory Isolation and treatment facility (UN SARI) Abuja in response to the increasing number of new variants notably the rising cases of the Delta variant (B.1.617.2) on 17 July 2021, conducted a comprehensive one-day training with simulation titled “RETHINKING PANDEMIC PREPAREDNESS - DELTA VARIANT” at the UN House in Abuja. This was attended by 43 UN staff members from IOM, WFP, WHO consisting of Doctors, Nurses, Laboratory, and Hygienist. Pandemic preparedness and readiness plans at the UN SARI remain key components of our operational plan of a coordinated, efficient effort to prevent, mitigate, or treat COVID19 cases to minimize disease and deaths amongst UN staff and Dependent, INGOs, and Diplomatic Missions. Key recommendations notably ramping up Oxygen supplies, training and delivery have been successfully undertaken as of 30 July 2021.

## FACILITATED MIGRATION AND MIGRATION MANAGEMENT

### Voluntary Returns by Countries:

Departure Country	TOTAL PAX
AUSTRIA	9
CHAD	27
CYPRUS	1
ETHIOPIA	2
GERMANY	20
GHANA	4
GREECE	1
GUINEA	1
IRAQ	1
LEBANON	1
MALI	16
MOROCCO	3
NIGER	22
PHILIPPINES	1
SUDAN	55
SWITZERLAND	1
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	3
Grand Total=	168

57 (29M,128F) victims of human trafficking received individual reintegration counselling and 43(35F, 8M) out of the 157 had their reintegration process completed. The victims were provided with reintegration assistance with a micro business of their choice (hair dressing, makeup, tailoring, medical stores, food items, provisions and building materials).

IOM conducted a prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA) training for returned migrants volunteering to support with the reintegration by reaching out to migrants in hard-to-reach areas in Edo state. 26 (23 M,3F) Migrants were trained in Benin on 21 July 2021.

Three (1M,2F) family tracing exercises were conducted in the month of July to determine if their return to Nigeria would be in their best interest.

As part of the continued effort to strengthen the identification and reporting of trafficking cases, a meeting to validate the harmonized screening and reporting tools meeting was held in Akwanga, Nasarawa State from 1 to 2 July 2021.

The meeting was attended by 16 (9M,7F) stakeholders drawn from NAPTIP, IOM, the National Security and Civil Defense Corps (NSCDC), Nigeria Police Force (NPF), Women Trafficking and Child Labour Eradication Foundation and (WOTCLEF) and the Network Against Child Trafficking, Abuse and Labour (NACTAL). Following extensive review, the tools were validated by all stakeholders in readiness for the launch scheduled on 30 July 2021.

In commemoration of International Day Against Trafficking in Persons themed “Victims Voices Lead the Way”, IOM in close coordination with NAPTIP facilitated the launch of the identification, screening, and reporting tools on 30 July 2021, in Abuja. The tools were launched by the representative of the Minister of Humanitarian Affairs, Disaster Management and Social Development. The tools are aimed at facilitating a harmonized approach to victim identification and reporting by all actors in Nigeria and strengthen the referral and protection of potential and trafficked persons.

Between 27 and 30 July 2021, IOM working closely with NAPTIP, the Lagos Legal Hub and the Lagos Chamber of Commerce held several activities including a walk, some awareness raising activities and a sensitization workshop for partners and trafficked persons on the need to ensure that victims voices are reflected in the programming of counter trafficking interventions. Between 12th July and 22nd July, 2021, the skills and capacity of 21 (1M,20F) 1M) VoTs to start, improve and grow their businesses were enhanced during the 10th extended business skills trainings (EBST) session held in Lagos State. The training was based on International Labour Organization (ILO) “Start and Improve Your Business” (SIYB) Manuals.

## Assistance to Vulnerable Migrants

Capacity building for caregivers and family members of returnees with mental health and psychosocial support needs was conducted in Edo State from 5 to 8 July 2021. The activity aimed to strengthen resilience within families of returnees, informing best practices in caregiving and encouraging self-care for caregivers. 56 (24M,32F) caregivers participated in this activity.

Between 27 and 28 July 2021, IOM in coordination with the Edo State Taskforce on Human Trafficking (ETAHT) conducted capacity building for 21 (8M, 13F) State and non-state actors on the Community-based Psychosocial Approach with specific focus on family strengthening. This meeting was held in Abuja with participants from six (6) zonal commands of National Agency for the Prohibition of Trafficking in Persons (NAPTIP), Ministry of Women affairs and non-governmental actors including Child Protection Network (CPN) from eight states, namely Abia, Delta, Edo, Kaduna, Kano, Kebbi, Lagos & Ogun States).

On 30 July 2021, the MHPSS team facilitated psychosocial support sessions for return migrants participating in extended business skills training in Lagos. 60 (17F, 43M) return migrants participated in this activity.

## Awareness Raising

As part of capacity building for returned migrants under the Migrants as Messengers project, 21 (14M,7F) volunteers were trained on content creation, video editing and graphic design from 6-8 July in Lagos and 14-18 July in Edo States, respectively. The essence of this training is to equip volunteers with the technical skills needed to serve as mentors for other returned migrants as well as share stories on their migratory journey to promote safe migration .

Stakeholders, including government and civil society organizations and community members, were involved in a script review process during a workshop in the reporting month, towards the development of radio drama series on irregular migration and trafficking in persons, which will be aired in Yoruba. This review workshop was conducted in Lagos on 22 July 2021 with 18 (12M,6F), participants in attendance. Following the validation of the radio drama script by stakeholders, the radio programme will be aired in August on four radio stations in Lagos and Ogun state.

## Assisted Voluntary Return and Reintegration

On 27th July 2021, Reintegration Committee (RC) was inaugurated in Yobe state. The objective of the coordination structure in Yobe state is to closely oversee reintegration activities and coordination among local actors. The meeting had in attendance a total of 19 (16M, 3F).

The outcome of the meeting indicates that the the committee members have a clearer understanding of their roles, responsibilities and expected deliverables. The current membership will be re-evaluated, new members will be added to the committee and a follow-up meeting will be planned for in the next coming weeks.

From 26 July to 7 August 2021, IOM in coordination with GIZ-GOPA facilitated business skills training for 60 (44M, 16F) returned migrants. The training is to equip returnees with the necessary skills needed to start and successfully run their businesses.

From 2 - 6 August 2021, IOM in coordination with NCFRMI held a meeting of the working group on return readmission and reintegration. The objective of the meeting was for programme participatory monitoring aimed to strengthen the link between stakeholders and beneficiaries, increase understanding and engagement in program implementation, address challenges and build on lessons learnt. Also, to draw-up and action plan for the operationalization of the SOP on RRR in Nigeria.

## MIGRATION DATA MANAGEMENT Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)

IOM Nigeria continues to monitor daily movements to and from Nigeria's Adamawa and Borno States and conduct COVID-19 sensitization for beneficiaries along the Points of Entries (PoE) in Maiduguri, Borno State. Further details of movements can be found at the Nigeria COVID-19 Point of Entry Monthly Dashboard (July 2021).

5,617 households (18,314 individuals) were biometrically registered/verified in MMC/Jere, Pulka, Gwoza, Bama and Monguno and Girei in Adamawa state. The biometric registration will enable new arrivals or returnees so that the beneficiaries can access coordinated humanitarian support based on their needs.

Through DTM registration and verification of IDPs, IOM supported Implementing Partners (IPs) with food distribution to a total of 17,919 households (94,963 individuals) in Pulka & Gwoza in Borno state

In July 2021, the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) has observed 129,094 movements (63,682 were inflows and 65,412 outflows) from 10 flow monitoring points in Adamawa and Borno state, also manually registered a total of 449 households and 1708 individuals and new arrivals across 7 LGAs and 25 locations and 4 report was published in the month. Also, in collaboration with UNICEF supported the screening of 365 children of beneficiaries for Mid-Upper Arm Circumstances screening by the nutrition partners at tracking points across Bama and Gwoza in Borno state. This will enable malnourished children identified referred for medical attention and other needs. Four ETT reports were published within the month. The reports provide regular updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population, helping partners and agencies respond to immediate needs.

## Immigration Border Management (IBM)

A Joint Niger/Nigeria Study Visit to Khartoum, Sudan , 10 – 16 July 2021. The overall goal of the study visit will be for Niger and Nigeria to learn from similar national and regional initiatives in order to improve cross-border cooperation in the areas of human trafficking and migrant smuggling, as well as organized crime in general, identify challenges, envision opportunities, and comprehend the various conducive steps. High level officials from the Immigration and other security agencies were a part of the trip in which counterparts from Niger, Nigeria and Sudan exchanged views and advice on border management and counter trafficking in the context of the Central Mediterenean Route.

A three-day retreat for senior management from the IOM and the NIS to improve migration management through best practices. This activity took place from July 1st to 3rd, with representatives from IOM and NIS, including the Chief of Mission and the Comptroller General of Immigrations, debating migration challenges in the country. It was an attempt to increase mutual understanding and cooperation. Both agencies reaffirmed their

commitment to putting in place policies and processes that will result in a more humane and orderly border control system as well as increased border security.

On 27 July 2021, Members of Immigration and Border Management –IBM team met with the Managing Director of Federal Airport Authority in Nigeria – FAAN (Federal Airport Authority of Nigeria) along with Advance Passenger Information (API) Steering Committee member to discuss the role of the agency in API implementation especially pertaining to the construction of Secondary Inspection sites at the five main international airports in the country.

On 30 July 2021, some members of Secondary Inspection Investigation Team comprising of NIS and IOM made a pre-construction visit to Port Harcourt international airport in preparation for the construction of the Secondary Inspection site as part of required infrastructure for Advance Passenger Information (API) implementation in Nigeria.

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